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Oamaru Licensing Trust Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Note		2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue Cost of Sales Gross Profit	1	_	9,447,758 (5,051,657) 4,396,101	9,158,310 (4,943,355) 4,214,954
Plus Other Revenue	2	_	145,862	205,273
Less Expenses			4,541,963	4,420,227
Advertising Administration Expenses Cleaning	4	(144,084) (444,762) (170,261)		(144,225) (400,930)
Depreciation Energy Hospitality Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets Music and Entertainment Rent and Rates Repairs and Maintenance	20	(176,261) (281,345) (202,957) (28,436) (6,979) (6,471) (48,768) (176,594)		(188,426) (265,432) (213,222) (32,626) (16,394) (15,515) (48,436) (99,351)
Replacements Sponsorships Staffing Sundry Operating Expenses	5 3	(12,744) (47,741) (2,251,754) (260,834)	_	(10,213) (35,380) (2,133,065) (267,801)
Total Expenses Net Operating Surplus			(4,083,731) 458,232	(3,871,016) 549,211
Finance Cost - Interest			(143,599)	(202,581)
Net Surplus before Income Tax			314,634	346,630
Income Tax (Expense)/Credit	22		-	7
Net Surplus after Income Tax			314,634	346,630
Other Comprehensive Income Fair Value Movement on Investments	11		(6,139)	- 6,791
Total Comprehensive Income		M	308,495	353,421

Oamaru Licensing Trust Statement of Financial Position As at 31 March 2018

	Note		2018 \$	2017 \$
ASSETS				
Current Assets	_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventories	6	184,496		127,158
Trade and Other Receivables	8 7	506,930		473,984
The state of the s	,	534,815		442,301
Total Current Assets			1,226,242	1,043,443
Non Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	20	4,040,973		4,079,443
Investments	11	933,762		939,901
Intangible Assets Deferred Tax Asset	12	2,310		1,320
Deletted Tax Asset	22	280,000		280,000
Total Non Current Assets			5,257,045	5,300,663
Total Assets			6,483,287	6,344,106
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Bank Overdraft	6	285,545		447.55
Trade and Other Payables	9	200,545 994,621		445,203
Current Portion - Term Liabilities	18	165,137		832,792
Employee Entitlements	10	100,400		163,829 107,904
Total Current Liabilities			1,545,703	1,549,728
Non Comment 1 to billion			.,,	1,0 10,1 20
Non Current Liabilities Borrowings	40			
Total Non Current Liabilities	18	<u>1,866,585</u>		<u>2,031,873</u>
rotal Non Current Liabilities			1,866,585 -	2,031,873
Total Liabilities		•	3,412,288	3,581,602
			0,412,200	3,561,602
EQUITY				
Retained Earnings			2 550 000	2.044.000
Investment Revaluation Reserve			2,558,896 512,103	2,244,262
Total Equity		-	3,070,999	<u>518,242</u> 2,762,504
*** () P** ()			<u></u>	2,102,004
Total Equity and Liabilities			6,483,287	6,344,106

On behalf of the Oamaru Licensing Trust

On behalf of the Oamaru Licensing Trust

Date:

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Oamaru Licensing Trust Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Balance as at 1 April	2,762,504	2,409,083
Total Comprehensive Income	308,495	353,421
Balance as at 31 March	3,070,999	2,762,504

Oamaru Licencing Trust Statement of Cashflows For The Year Ended 31 March 2018

Cook Flower from Co	Note	2018	2017
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash was provided from:		\$	\$
Sales		0.000.01=	
Other Revenue		9,366,315	9,253,835
Interest		51,589	100,574
Dividends		147	4,396
Net GST Movement		94,126	100,238
THE TENEDON TO THE TE	******	29,294	14,486
Cash was disbursed to:		9,541,472	9,473,530
Cost of Sales		/4.047.700)	(= 00= 00=
General Overhead Expenditure		(4,947,732)	(5,025,380)
Interest		(1,569,733)	(1,417,380)
Staffing Costs		(144,284)	(244,372)
	<u> </u>	(2,239,612)	(2,132,033)
		(8,901,362)	(8,819,165)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		640,110	654,365
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Cash was provided from:			
Property Plant & Equipment Sold		2,825	2,247
Cash was disbursed to:			
Property Plant & Equipment Acquired		(252,886)	(142,054)
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(250,061)	(139,807)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Cash was provided from			
Long Term Loans Drawn Down		0	0
Cash was disbursed to		0	0
Long Term Loans Repaid		(173,054)	(1,150,451)
		(173,054)	(1,150,451)
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities		(173,054)	(1,150,451)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash			
Equivalents		216,996	(635,893)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		(318,045)	317,848
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	***************************************	(101,049)	(318,045)
			1

General Information

The Oamaru Licensing Trust (the "Trust") is a Licensing Trust as defined in New Zealand by the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012. The Trust is domiciled in New Zealand and involved in the hospitality industry and investing activities, its principal trading activities being the sale of liquor and other beverages and the provision of accommodation and restaurant services within its community. The address of the Trust is c/- Brydone Chambers, 1 Wear Street, Oamaru 9400.

Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ('NZ GAAP'). They comply with the New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime ('NZ IFRS RDR') and other applicable Financial Reporting Standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities under the reduced disclosure regime. The Oamaru Licensing Trust is a for-profit entity for the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP.

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand currency, rounded to the nearest whole dollar. The financial statements have been prepared on a historic cost basis except for share investments which are recorded at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for assets at the time the transaction occurred.

The New Zealand Framework assumes a going concern concept for the Trust. In this regard the Trustees are committed to ensuring a rollover of the loan funding, and implementing appropriate strategies and resolutions to achieve its out of money risk and to enable it to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Trustees have concluded that the going concern assumption is the valid basis for the preparation of the 2018 financial statements on consideration of the factors set out in note 18.

Accounting policies are selected and applied in a manner which ensures that the resulting financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance and reliability, thereby ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions or other events is reported.

NZ IFRS- reduced disclosure regime

The Trust has adopted External Reporting Board Standards A1 'Accounting Standards Framework (For-profit Entities Update) ('XRB A1') . For the purpose of complying with NZ GAAP, the Trust is eligible to apply Tier 2 For- profit Accounting Standards (New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Regime ('NZ IFRS RDR')) on the basis that it does not have public accountability and is not a large for-profit public sector entity. The Trust has elected to report in accordance with NZ IFRS RDR and has applied disclosure concessions.

Statutory Base

The Oamaru Licensing Trust is a Licensing Trust as defined in New Zealand by the Sale and Supply of Liquor Act 2012.

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

There have been no changes in Accounting policies. All policies have been applied on bases consistent with those used in the previous year.

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements:

a) Property, Plant and Equipment

- Owned Assets

Items of property plant and equipment are stated at historic cost less accumulated depreciation (see below) and impairment losses (refer accounting policy (h)).

Where individual parts of an item of property plant and equipment have different useful lives, these are accounted for and depreciated as separate assets.

- Subsequent Costs

The Trust recognises in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the item will flow to the Trust and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other costs are recognised in the surplus/deficit as the expense is incurred.

- Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to the surplus/deficit over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property plant and equipment. The depreciation rates currently in use are as follows:

Rate	
2-3%	(DV)
4% to 39.6%	(DV)
10% to 60 %	(DV)
10% to 60%	(DV)
18% to 36.4%	(DV)
	2-3% 4% to 39.6% 10% to 60 % 10% to 60%

b) Investments

Investments are valued using valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

c) Financial Assets

The Trust classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and available for sale assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

Classification

- Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period which are classified as non-current assets. The Trust's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet.

- Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets as set out in note 11 are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

Any gain or loss from fair value valuation is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Recognition and Measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date – the date on which the Trust commits to purchase or sell the asset. All financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Available for sale financial assets are carried at fair value unless fair value is unable to be determined, in which case they are carried at cost less any impairment.

Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

d) Intangibles

Liquor Licenses are intangible assets. They are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Cost is the amount paid for the liquor licenses. Amortisation is charged to the surplus/deficit on a straight line basis over the finite life of the intangible.

e) Receivables

Trade and other receivables are recorded at amounts due, less any allowance for doubtful debts (impairment losses). An estimate of doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount due is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off against the allowance account when these are deemed no longer collectable. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in the surplus/deficit.

f) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business. Rebates received are offset against purchases.

Cost of inventories is based on the weighted average and first-in first-out principles, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition.

g) Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand in the Trust's establishments, call accounts and current and short-term deposit accounts, within original maturities of less than three months, maintained by the Trust with external banking institutions. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and which form an integral part of the Trust's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

h) Impairment of Assets

The carrying amounts of the Trust's assets, other than inventories (refer accounting policy (f)), are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell, and value in use. When assessing value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted to present value using a pre-tax discount rate to reflect market assessments of the time-value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimated future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset, or cash generating unit, is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the surplus/deficit.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset previously. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in the surplus/deficit.

i) Taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity

Current Tax

Current Tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates expected to apply in the period of settlement, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Deferred tax has been calculated on the assumption that there will be no change in tax law or circumstances of the Trust that will result in tax losses not being available to the Trust in future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Trust intends to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

j) Payables

Trade and other payables are recognised when the Trust becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services.

k) Provisions

A provision is recognised on the balance sheet when the Trust has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, but the timing of the settlement is uncertain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

I) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any differences between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the surplus/deficit over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

m) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave when it is probable that settlement will be required and the liability is capable of reliable measurement.

Provisions made in respect of employee benefits expected to be settled within 12 months are measured at their nominal rates using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Provisions made in respect of benefits which are not expected to be settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made by the Trust in respect of services provided by employees up to the current reporting date.

n) Revenue

- Provision of Services

Revenue from the provision of accommodation is recognised when the Trust provides the service to the customer. The service is deemed to be provided on the night of the customers stay.

- Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the Trust has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods. Risks and rewards are considered transferred to the buyer at the time of delivery of the goods to the customer.

- Other Trade Revenue

Other trading revenue is revenue other than that derived from the sale of goods and services which arises in the normal course of the Trust's business activities.

- Finance Income

Dividend revenue from investments is recognised, exclusive of any imputation credits, when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established. Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

o) Goods and Service Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets and liabilities are recognised net of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are reported inclusive of GST.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amounts of GST recoverable from or payable to the Inland Revenue Department.

p) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged against surplus/deficit on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The Trust leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Trust has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to surplus/deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term .

NO	TE:	, and	
		2018	2017
1	Revenue	\$	\$
Rev	enue comprises sales of products and services to external parties,	categorised as follows:	
Liqu		6,047,767	5,890,862
Mea	is omodation	1,267,043	1,201,330
	nes, Hire & Sundry	1,947,414 185,534	1,898,107 168,010
Tota	I Revenue	9,447,758	9,158,310
2	Other Revenue		
Othe	r Revenue represents revenue other than that arising from the sale ced as part of the trusts normal business activities.	e of goods to external par	ties
	Received	51,589	50,185
	ates Received est Income	 	50,389
	eciation Recovered	147	4,396 64
	ends Received	94,126	100,238
Total	Other Income	145,862	205,273
3	Sundry Operating Expenses		
Sund	ry Operating Expenses include the following specific costs:		
Comp	outer Support	49,513	50,700
	zines and Papers .	292	310
	Charges ige, Printing & Stationery	65,494	76,237
Flowe	ers and Decorations	17,864 17	10,668
Room	n Supplies	20,862	227 27,607
Other		106,792	102,051
Total	Sundry Operating Expenses	260,834	267,801

4 Administration Expenses	2018 \$	2017 \$
Amortisation (Note 12) Audit Fees - Current Year Bad & Doubtful Debts Election Expenses Insurance Meeting Expenses Members Remuneration (Note 16) Professional Fees Telephone Vehicle & Travel Bank Charges & Commisions Total Administration Expenses	1,529 46,218 13,823 6,179 49,995 1,027 30,358 129,523 33,507 32,841 99,761	1,318 45,625 (3,342) 32,625 32,544 39 32,569 116,510 32,635 21,815 88,593 400,930
5 Staffing Cost		
Wages and Salaries Changes to Provisions (Note 10) Pension Cost - Defined Contribution Plan	2,241,141 7,504 3,108	2,120,844 8,947 3,274
Total Staffing Costs	2,251,754	2,133,065

Employees of the trust (section 335 (4) (b) (ii) of Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012)

One employee of the Trust received remuneration and other benefits within the band 100,000 - 109,999 during the financial year (2017 : 1) .

6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

ANZ 00 Account - Funds In Bank	134,466	81,064
ANZ 01 Account - Overdraft	(285,545)	(445,203)
Imprest Advances	50,030	46,094
Total Cash Balance	(101,049)	(318,045)

	2018	2017
7 Trade and Other Receivables	\$	\$
Trade Receivables	472,817	410,443
Prepayments Other	25,398 36,601	26,598 5,261
	Laboratoria de la companya de la com	5,261
Trade and Other Receivables	<u>534,815</u>	442,301
8 Inventories		
The Trust's inventories comprise Finished Goods, Categorised as follows:		
Beverages, Cigarettes & Bar Sundries Food	490,663 16,268	457,445
	10,200	16,538
	<u>506,930</u>	473,984
9 Trade and Other Payables		
Trading Supplies	742,078	593,207
Other	252,543	239,584
	994,621	832,792
10 Provision for Employee Entitlements		
Vested Leave	98,112	98,147
Unvested Long Service Leave	2,288	9,758
	100,400	107,904

Vested leave represents both annual leave due to employees, and long service leave to which staff have become entitled, and which has vested in them. Unvested long Service leave represents the Trust's assessment of its exposure relating to staff for whom the entitlement is yet to vest.

		2018	2017
11	Investmente	\$	\$

Investments

Investments in Equity Instruments

- Assets available for sale

The Trust holds 407,471 (2017: 407,471) ordinary shares issued by DB South Island Brewery Ltd. This holding represents 5.66% of the 7,200,000 (2017: 7,200,000) shares issued by that company.

The Trust's shares in DB South Island Brewery Ltd were revalued in accordance with its valuation policy for available for sale assets. The shares are valued on the basis of the net assets of DB South Island Brewery Ltd as at 31 December 2017. DB South Island Brewery Limited's balance date is 31 December. The Trust has chosen to use the company's 31 December Audited Financial Statement information in order to incorporate audited financial information into its financial statements rather than relying on unaudited management financial reports as at 31 March. The Trust's determination is that this is the most appropriate method of valuation, and is consistent with a valuation under level 3 of the fair value hierarchy under NZ IFRS 13.

Balance at start of financial period	939,901	933,109
Revaluation Increment / (Decrement) Closing Balance	(6,13 <u>9</u>) 933,762	6,792 939,901
12 Amortisation of Intangibles		
Liquor Licenses Balance Brought Forward Purchase of new licence Amortisation and Impairment (Note 4)	1,320 2,520 (1,529)	2,638 - (1,318)
Net Book Value	2,310	1,320

Liquor licences are held for Liquorland, Brydone Hotel, Sport Central and Northstar, the licence's are for 36 months with varying expiry and renewal dates. The licences are amortised over a three year period.

13 Commitments For Expenditure

Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments as at 31 March 2018. (2017: Nil)

Lease Commitments

Finance lease liabilities and non-cancellable operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 15.

		2018	2017
14	Contingent Liabilities and Assets	\$	\$

Other than the guarantee provided to NZ Racing Board on 12/09/2006 for \$15,000 which has an open ended expiry date, there are no contingent liabilities and assets known as at balance date (2017 : \$5,000)

15 Leases

Finance Lease Liabilities

At balance date the Trust has no hire purchase contracts.

Operating Lease Commitments

The Trust has in place various operating lease agreements, most of these agreements are for office equipment and a vehicle.

Within 12 months Between 1 and 5 years	24,340 19,433	24,582 35,938
Operating Lease Commitments as Lessor	43,773	60,519
The Trust has in place a ground lease from which it derives rental income.		
Within 12 months	4,680	4,680
16 Related Parties	4,680	4,680

Transactions between entities in which members hold a financial interest and the Trust are conducted in accordance with normal commercial practice.

These are regularly monitored to assess compliance with the Local Authorities (Members Interests') Act 1968. \$Nil was owed by the Licensing Trust to related parties at balance date (2017: \$3,013). Amounts owed to the Licensing Trust by related parties at balance date were \$294 - North Otago Rugby Union (2017: \$401)

Members Interests

Warren Prescott is Chairman of the North Otago Rugby Union board, and vice President of the OLT board. Cathy Maaka is a Director of the Mosgiel Tavern, and General Manager of the OLT. Cathy has one daughter employed by the OLT. Ali Brosnan is the Chairman of the OLT and his son is the Shareholder/Director of Brosnan Refrigeration Ltd.

		
	201 8 \$	2017 \$
Remuneration of Trust members (section 335 (4) (b) (i) and (ii) Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 20 Members of the Trust are remunerated based on attendance at the Trust.	012) t meetings and on their positions w	ithin
Remuneration and expenses paid during the year amounted to:		
President Other Members Fees	16,519	16,308
Expenses Reimbursed to the President and members	13,440	14,280
relating to meetings attendance and other activities	399	1,982
Total Remuneration and Expenses Paid	30,358	32,570
Total KMP Remuneration and Expenses for the year:		
(a) Short - term employee benefits	109,701	102,147
(b) Post - employee benefits	-	-
(c) Other long - term benefits (d) Termination benefits	~	-
(e) Remuneration Bonds	-	-
	-	_

Transactions between related parties

The following transactions occured between related parties:

North Otago Rugby had purchases from OLT during the 2018 financial year of \$7,018 (2017: \$13,069). The Mosgiel Tavern had purchases from the OLT during the 2018 financial year of \$Nil (2017: \$Nil). In the 2018 year the North Otago Rugby Union received sponsorship of \$9,775 (2017: \$8,800). The OLT purchased goods and services of \$39,969 from Brosnan Refrigeration Ltd in the 2018 year.

17 Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There have been no events subsequent to balance date that require disclosure.

18	Interest-Bearing Loans	2018 \$	2017 \$
	ent Loans Current Loans	165,137 1,866,585 2,031,722	163,829 2,031,873 2,195,702

The above loans are all provided by the ANZ Bank, \$1,200,000 of this funding is interest only up to 21 November 2021. This loan has a fixed interest rate of 5.16% (2017: 5.16%). \$800,000 is a fixed rate principal and interest loan which matures on 21 November 2021 and has an interest rate, at 31 March 2018, of 5.38% (2017: 5.38%). The bank loans are secured by first mortgage over the Trust's freehold land and buildings.

The loans are for a period of 5 years each and have been classified as non current liabilities, other than the amount of \$150,000 being the expected principal repayments within the following 12 month period. The Trust is committed to ensuring a rollover of the loan funding on 21 November 2021 and is confident of achieving this outcome .

The remaining loan for \$31,722 is in relation to a loan from UDC Finance Limited. This loan is for a period of 48 months, has a fixed interest rate of 8.4% and matures on 02 March 2020. The loan is secured over the Ford Transit Van registration number JQR752.

The current loans for 2018 relate to the loans provided by the ANZ Bank (\$150,000) and UDC (\$15,288) being the expected repayments within the following 12 months.

19 Bank loan and financial covenant

Oamaru Licensing Trust is subject to a financial covenant in relation to its bank loans of a ratio of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation of 1.7 times interest costs. At 31 March 2018 the Trust met the required ratio.

The loan will continue to be repaid in accordance with the original terms and conditions.

The Trust will continue to monitor the ratio in future. The Trust is in constant communication with the lender as to the terms of the loan and expects that the availability of the loan will remain.

Note 20 Property, Plant and Equipment - Routine Fix Assets

	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Furniture & Fittings	Vehicle	Total
2018 Cost / Valuation	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 April 2017	223,024	7,538,359	1,111,879	1,426,705	97,460	10,397,426
Additions	•	13,848	11,725	227,313	-	252,885
Disposals	-	(65,233)	(206,210)	(242,903)	-	(514,347)
Balance at 31 March 2018	223,024	7,486,974	917,393	1,411,114	97,460	10,135,964
Accumulated Depreciation						
Balance at 1 April 2017	(432)	(4,164,621)	(922,279)	(1,167,959)	(60,600)	(0.047.05)
Current Year Depreciation	(12)	(160,272)	(49,389)	(61,529)	(62,693)	(6,317,985)
Disposals		61,842	205,580	236,927	(10,155)	(281,357)
Balance at 31 March 2018	(444)	(4,263,051)	(766,088)	(992,561)	(72,849)	504,349 (6,094,993)
Net Book Value	222,580	3,223,923	151,305	418,553	24,611	4,040,972
2017	Land \$	Buildings \$	Equipment \$	Furniture & Fittings \$	Vehicle \$	Total \$
Cost / Valuation						
Balance at 1 April 2016	223,024	7,517,785	1,216,706	1,412,371	154,825	10,524,712
Additions	-	29,989	54,405	55,685	1,975	142,054
Disposals	-	(9,415)	(159,232)	(41,352)	(59,340)	(269,340)
Balance at 31 March 2017	223,024	7,538,359	1,111,879	1,426,704	97,460	10,397,426
Accumulated Depreciation						
Balance at 1 April 2016	(416)	(3,999,302)	(1,040,937)	(1,165,432)	(כמי לח)	(0.000.040)
Current Year Depreciation	(16)	(172,687)	(34,066)	(40,088)	(97,227) .	(6,303,313)
Disposals	- '	7,368	152,723.17	37,560	(18,575) 53,109	(265,432)
Balance at 31 March 2017	(432)	(4,164,621)	(922,279)	(1,167,960)	(62,693)	250,761 (6,317,984)
Net Book Value	222,592	3,373,738	189,599	258,744	34,767	
t				200,177	34,707	4,079,442

Earthquake strengthening

A structural review of the earthquake risk to the Brydone Hotel was performed during the 2014 year. The review confirmed that the building, when analysed in accordance with the NZSEE current Guidelines, is not earthquake prone. Accordingly upgrades or strengthening work have not been commissioned or assessed. The timing and costs of any additional work required could have a significant effect on the property, its

21 Financial Instruments

Significant Accounting Policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition and the basis of measurement applied in respect of the each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note C of the Significant Accounting Policies.

Capital Risk Management

The Trust manages its capital to ensure that the entities in the Trust will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Trust consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in note 18, and cash and cash equivalents, and equity, comprising retained earnings as disclosed in note 6 and on the Statement of Changes in Equity.

The Trust's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2017.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements on the Trust.

Categories of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

A 1 04 BL 1 0047	Loans and Receivables \$	Available-for-Sale Financial Assets \$	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost	Total \$
As at 31 March 2017 Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	127,158			407.450
Trade receivables	442,301	-	"	127,158 442,301
Investments	,	939,901	-	939,901
Total Financial Assets	569,459	939,901	-	1,509,360
Non-financial assets				4,834,746
Total Assets				6,344,106
Liabilities Overdraft Cash and cash equivalents			445,000	445.000
Trade and other payables	_	_	445,203 832,792	445,203 832,792
Interest-bearing loans	•	- -	2,195,702	2,195,702
Total Financial Liabilities			3,473,697	3,473,697
Non-financial liabilities			, . ,	107,904
Total Liabilities				3,581,601
As at 31 March 2018 Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	184,496	-	-	184,496
Trade receivables	509,418	-	*	509,418
Investments	-	933,762	-	933,762
Total Financial Assets Non-financial assets	693,914	933,762	-	1,627,676
Total Assets			-	4,855,611
10(4) A330(3			=	6,483,287
Liabilities				
Cash and cash equivalents		_	285,545	285,545
Trade and other payables	-	-	994,621	994,621
Interest-bearing loans	-	-	2,031,722	2,031,722
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	3,311,888	3,311,888
Non-financial liabilities			_	100,400
Total Liabilities			=	3,412,288

22 Income Tax	2018 \$	2017 \$
Components of tax expense Current tax expense Adjustments to current tax in prior years	130,417	139,182
Deferred tax expense Tax expense	(130,417) 0	(139,182) 0
Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit Net surplus before tax	314,634	346,630
Tax at 28% Plus (less) tax effect of:	88,098	97,056
Non-deductible expenditure Imputation credit adjustment Buildings post 21 May 2010 Non-taxable income	74 10,249 691	75 10,915 707
Prior year adjustment Losses Recognised Deferred tax adjustment	(4,680) (130,417) 35,986	- (139,182) 30,429
Tax expense	•	_

Imputation credits

Imputation credits available for use in subsequent reporting periods

Deferred tax asset (liability)

	Property, plant and equipment	Employee entitlements	Other provisions	Tax losses	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 31 March 2016	(894,305)	25,230	1,597	1,147,478	280,000
Charged to surplus or deficit	32,353	(5,085)	3,161	(30,429)	0
Charged to other comprehensive income	-	_	-	-	
Balance at 31 March 2017	(861,952)	20,145	4,758	1,117,049	280,000
Charged to surplus or deficit	40,330	(3,413)	(240)	(36,677)	0
Charged to other comprehensive income					=
Balance at 31 March 2018	(821,622)	16,732	4,518	1,080,372	280,000

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Licensing Trust did not recognise deferred income tax assets of \$616,611 (2017: \$679,498) in respect of losses amounting to \$2,202,182 (2017: \$2,426,778) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. Losses amounting to \$250,000(2017: \$250,000) expire in 2019, 2020, 2021 & 2022 respectively.